



The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India

Code: FN6IB850591
Subject : 06 Integrated Business Solutions Multi disciplinary Case Studies

Total Marks: 60
Marks Obtained : 31

FORMAT - 5

GRAPH PAPER IS ON THE PENULTIMATE PAGE
(containing 28 pages)

THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA
CA FINAL / INTT - AT Examination

Group No. 2 Paper No. 6

Subject IBS

Number of Answer Books used : Main + 2 additional sheets

Date Seal 12 MAY 2026

For use by ICAI only

850591

8100001947

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THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA

MAY 2026

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ICA

Paper Code K

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

Level of Exam Final INTT AT (2) Paper No. (1) (2)

QUESTION - 1

1.1 A B C D

1.2 A B C D

1.3 A B C D

1.4 A B C D

1.5 A B C D

QUESTION - 2

2.1 A B C D

2.2 A B C D

2.3 A B C D

2.4 A B C D

2.5 A B C D

QUESTION - 3

3.1 A B C D

3.2 A B C D

3.3 A B C D

3.4 A B C D

3.5 A B C D

QUESTION - 4

4.1 A B C D

4.2 A B C D

4.3 A B C D

4.4 A B C D

4.5 A B C D

QUESTION - 5

5.1 A B C D

5.2 A B C D

5.3 A B C D

5.4 A B C D

5.5 A B C D

Please Read the Instruction Carefully on the Next Page

Please to answer the MCQs relevant to questions as attempted in the descriptive answer book



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...of the cover sheet only and nowhere else including ... of the OMR portion provided in the right hand corner of the ... at the appropriate space at the left hand upper corner. ... and affix the same on box provided in the right hand corner of the cover page. ... number written in numbers, words and circles darkened are correct. In case any ... responsibility for rectifying the mistake.

... page and question number ... at the top of each answer. Alternatively, the ...

... be fully completed in one page or in a consecutive set of pages, before the next question is taken up. ... the space provided for the purpose or writing distinguishing mark, symbols like "OM", "Sri", "Jesus", "786", ... fair means"

... book to the invigilator take care to score out (X) blank pages, if any, that you might have left.

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE FOR FILLING THE MCQ ANSWER FIELDS

... Pencil to Darken the appropriate Circle.

... the complete circle.

... want to change your Answer, erase the darkened circle completely and make a fresh mark.

... do NOT make any stray marks on the OMR cover page.

... Rough work must NOT be done on the OMR cover page.

6. Mark your answer only in the appropriate space against the number corresponding to the question.

Q. No.	To be ticked ☒ by the candidate against the Questions answered (Descriptive Type)	
1	☐	8 ☐
2	☒	9 ☐
3	☒	10 ☐
4	☒	11 ☐
5	☐	12 ☐
6	☐	13 ☐
7	☐	14 ☐
Total		Total

How to mark answers

CORRECT METHOD	WRONG METHOD
☐ (A) ☐ (B) ☐ (C) ☐ (D)	☒ (A) ☒ (B) ☒ (C) ☒ (D)



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Answer

3.6

Calculation of Net Asset A carried
 (excluding the effect of deferred
 tax liability)

Net Asset A Carried	Tax Base ₹ in lakhs	Fair Value ₹ in lakhs
Land & Building	500	700
Property Plant Equipment	200	270
Inventory	100	20
Accounts Receivable	150	150
Cash & Cash Equivalents	130	130
Total Assets	1080	1,330
Total Assets		
Accounts Payable	(160)	(160)
Retirement Benefit Obligation	0	(100)
Net Asset Before Deferred tax liability	920	1,070



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Barcode

Calculation of deferred tax liability

~~Fair Value of Intangible Assets~~ ~~Goodwill~~

Fair Value of Assets (Excluding Deferred tax)	₹ 1070
less: Tax Base	(920)
<u>Temporary Difference</u>	<u>150</u>

⇒ Deferred Tax Liability

= 150 × 30%

= ₹ 45 Lakhs

Goodwill

→ Purchase consideration	₹ 1,500
less: Fair Value of Asset	
Taken over: 1070	
Deferred Tax Liability (45)	(1025)
<u>Goodwill</u>	<u>475</u>

NOTE: Since,
Tax Base given of the goodwill is Nil,
temporary difference of ₹ 475 Lakhs



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arison goodwill.

3.6 ✓
4 Marks

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DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE



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6				
<u>Answer</u>				
<u>3.7</u>				
(P)				
1st pf. \$ does not reduce.				
sales (unit) 10,00,000				
Price per unit. 1st 10,00,000 2nd 10,00,000 3rd 10,00,000				
\$				
Sales (unit)	10,00,000	10,00,000	10,00,000	
Price	\$10/unit.	10	10	
(A) Total Revenue	\$1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	
Cost (Per unit)	\$6/unit.	5.7.	5.55	
(B) Total Cost	\$60,00,000	57,00,000	55,50,000	
(A-B)	40,00,000	43,00,000	44,50,000	
Dep. Depreciation	(10,00,000)	(10,00,000)	(10,00,000)	
	30,00,000	33,00,000	34,50,000	
Less: Tax	30%.	30%.	30%.	
Add: Depreciation				
CAT	31,00,000	33,10,000	34,15,000	
	✓	✗	✗	

3.7 Step 1 ✓
1 Marks



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(ii)

Expected CFAT.

Scenario	CFAT	Probability
1	31,00,000	0.4
2	33,10,000	0.4
3	34,15,000	0.2

$$= \$ 32,47,000$$

$$= \$ 3.247 \text{ million.}$$

(iii)

Present value of CFAT.

Assuming the CFAT given is of 0th year.

$$\frac{3.247 + 3\%}{11 - 3\%} = \$ 41.805125 \text{ million}$$

(2)

Initial investment being lower @ USD \$ 25 million.



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Project can be accepted.

Alternatively,

If CFAT is proposed i.e next year then,

$$\frac{3.247}{11-31} = \underline{\underline{\$40.5875 \text{ million}}}$$

Then, also Projected can be accepted,

Note:

As currency Exchange Rate & Date of investment is missing all calculation is performed in \$.

3.7 Step 3 1.5 Marks

DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE



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9

Answer
302

As per section 262, of the Income Tax Act 1961, the Revisional Authority ~~may~~ shall invoke revisional order of the matter ~~where~~ of any Appeal, Commissioner ~~may~~ shall extend the to such matter as had not been considered or decided in the Appeal.

Hence, it is doctrine of Partial merge is not of Total merge.

Thus, contention of Tax Council is not tenable in law.

3.8Step1 ✓
2 Marks



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10



for the AY 2024-25.

It is as per section 264 of the Income Tax Act, 1961,

the Commissioner cannot review any order which has been made the subject matter of an appeal to the Commissioner (Appeals).

Invoking, Doctrine of Total Merger,

thereby Company cannot file for Revision to the Commissioner.

Rather Company may file an appeal to the Tribunal.

3.8Step2

3.8

2 M

C3

8.5 Marks

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DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE



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11



Ans. see

Q. 6

As per INDAS 2 'inventories',
By Product & scrap are
immaterial, Deducted
from cost of main.

→ Calculation of NRV of By Product

Selling price	1000 × 24 =	24,000
less: Expense		(5000)
NRV of By Product		<u>19,000</u>

→ Calculation of cost of conversion:

Material	6,40,000
Direct labor	3,20,000
Direct Expense	1,56,000
Fix overhead.	1,60,000
	<u>12,76,000</u>
less: By Product NRV	(19,000)
Scrap	(9600)
Total cost to be allocated.	<u>12,47,400</u>





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12



Note:
 Cost of storing is excluded,
 considering it is not necessary
 for the inventory in production
 process before further production stage.

JOINT		JOINT	
		12,47,000	
Product I		Product II	
6000		3,200	
+ 320		+ 200	
19,20,000		6,40,000	
9,35,250		3,11,750	
		← Allocation (cost) →	



4.6 Step 1
 2 Marks

	Product I	Product II
Cost Per Unit	155.875	97.42



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13



→ For closing stock (cost or NRV whichever is lower)

Making cost being lower for both Product.

Closing Value

I → ₹ 77,938 (Approx)

II → ₹ 29,227 (Approx)

1,07,165

For Raw Material:

As finished goods are not valued lower than their cost, Raw Material valued at cost.

1400 unit

× 70

98,000

Total

→ ₹ 2,05,165 (Raw Material

(+ finished goods).

4.6 Step 2

3 Marks

4.6

5 Marks



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14

Answer Q.07.

The Single, Specific Element of Financial Statement, may be prepared with general or special purpose framework.

If prepared in special purpose framework, SA 800 also applies.

The auditor of financial statement prepared in accordance with Special Purpose framework also Trade Receivables, thereby both requirements of SA 800 & SA 805 to be complied.

As per SA 800

Consideration while accepting.

→ The financial information shall fulfill the needs of the intended users are key for Acceptability of Financial Reporting Framework (FRF).

4.7 Step 1
1 Marks



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15



consideration for Planning & Performance such engagement (SA200).

→ SA200 requires to comply with.



- Ethical requirement, includes integrity & independence.



- all SAs to comply with
 - each requirement of SA unless entire CA int relevant.
 - If necessary to depart can depart by performing alternative procedure.

Some SAs special consideration.

[SA300] Materiality.



→ In audit of special purpose financial statements needs of intended user is used for judgement.

→ In contract management may agree with intended user on threshold below which



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16

X

misstatement identified will not be corrected, existence of such does not relieve auditor to calculate materiality.

X

→ [SA 315] Understanding of entity's operations is Application of Accounting Policy,

Auditor needs to understand significant interpretation of contract.

✓

→ [SA 260]

~~Can~~ The auditor needs to determine the person responsible for oversight of preparation of special purpose financials, as it may not be same as the person for general purpose.



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17



→ SA 700

- Description of financial Reporting framework.
- Alerting Reader
- Restriction on Distribution.

⇒ As per SA 805.
considerations when planning & performing would be.

- Adapt all standards on Auditing.
- SA 240, 550, 570 element could be misstated.

- SA 260 require person with whom to communicate

→ Audit Evidence.

When auditing ~~both~~ single specific element with complete set, auditor may use the evidence obtained in complete set, provided it should be



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18



Sufficient & Appropriate.

→ Interrelation.

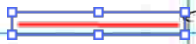
• In Complete set many elements, none are interrelated



• hence, auditing specific element may not be able to consider financials in isolation

• Auditor should perform procedure in relation to interrelated.

→ Materiality.



• It will be lower than entity's complete set, affecting nature, timing & extent of procedure evaluation of incorrect statement.

4.7 Step 2
2.5 M
4.7
3.5 Marks

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DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE



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19

Answer
4-8

DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

4.8 Step 1 X

0 Mark

4.8 X

0 Mark

C4 ✓

8.5 Marks

D.T.O

Total Marks: 60
Marks Obtained : 31

[illegible]



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21



Answer
2.6

→ The Production line for different products is also in a haphazard state due to unscheduled machine maintenance.

X

The Company can make a plan to make the process in simplified & in the manner.

→ The Company's Storage is disorganised.

✓

The Company shall adopt Just in Time (JIT) Systems for this.

2.6 Step 1

0.5 Mark

2.6

0.5 Marks

17.70

Total Marks: 60
Marks Obtained : 31

[illegible]



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23



Answer

2.2

As per Section 2(22)(+), of the Income Tax Act 1961,

In case of buyback of shares (whether listed or unlisted), by a domestic company,

any sum paid by the company for purchase of its share would be deemed dividend in the hands of shareholders & shall be charged to income tax applicable tax rates.

No deduction of expense would be available against such dividend income while determining the income from other source.



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24



The Shares which has been Bought Back shall be deemed to long term / short term Capital loss, quarantined with the period of holding, which then holder can use to set off against capital gains.

2.7 Step 1

2 Marks

for Company.



There will be no income tax consequences on the hands of company, as the burden of tax is shifted to the shareholder.

Obligation of the Company



As per Section 194 of the Income tax Act, the Company needs to deduct TDS @ 10% while distributing dividend or deemed dividend as 2(22)(a) to 2(22)(g), at the Time of Payment.



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25



Thereby, Levi & Co needs to
deduct TDS @ 10%.

Deemed Dividend -

→ $(₹150 - ₹10) \times \text{No. of Shares}$
for Holder.

TDS @ 10% on ₹150 $\times$ No. of Shares
deducted by the Company.



2.7 Step 2 ✓
2 Mark ✓
2.7 ✓
4 Marks



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26



Answer.

(2=8)

1st

As per Section 16(2) (b) of CEST Act 2017,



the Registered Person must have received goods / services on order to avail Credit.

Thereby, making it that Company can only claim credit on actual receipt of goods (month).

Hence, for FIRST, the admissibility of credit, of 2150 lakhs, is invalid as they have taken it in March Ret, & eligible to take it in April month (premature).Penalty

UR 122(1) of the CEST Act 2017, the company shall be ordered to pay the penalty of higher of 20,000 or 0.5%.

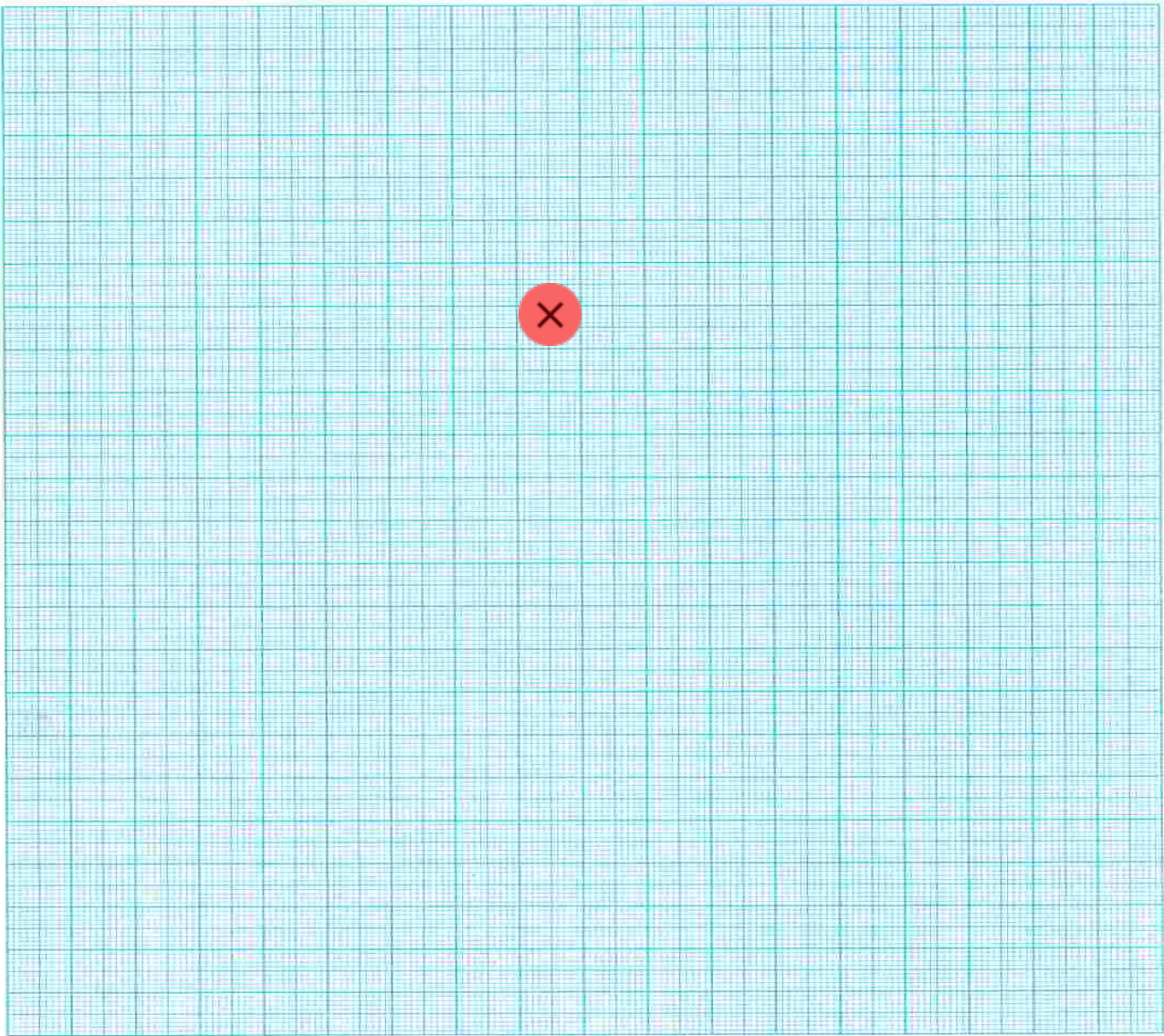


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27





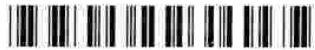
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28

₹150 lacs

₹150 P+ ₹150 lacs

(Interest)

→ As the Balance of C&ST, S&ST, I&ST Credit Remaining after March, does not fall below, ~~the~~ Credit wrongly awarded of ₹150 lacs,

Hence no interest implication

As, interest is charged on the basis of credit utilised.

2nd

As per Section 17(5) ~~credit~~ of C&ST Act 2017, credit related to the catering service is block to award unless such other person is in the same Business.

As the Company is in Food & Beverage Industry & not ~~in~~ in the catering, thereby ITC wrongly awarded of ₹2.7 lacs for



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Addl. Book No. 1

THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA
ADDL. BOOK

DO NOT WRITE ROLL NUMBER ANYWHERE IN THIS
ADDITIONAL ANSWER BOOK

DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

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November 2023

→ The company needs to reverse, the credit claimed,

→ NO interest implication, as credit of 22.7 lakhs is not be utilised, assuming, since the November 2023, Balance in CGST credit ledger not fall below, 22.7 lakhs



→ Related to Penalty;

Same, as u/s 122(1), higher of 210,000 or 2.7 lakhs, penalty is 22.7 lakhs (21.35 lakhs each under CGST & SGST), considering it was interest.



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2



3rd.

As the benefit to the employee does not exceeds, ₹50,000 per employee, per year,



Hence it is not a supply, as per Schedule 1 Para 2 of the CGST Act 2017.



Also, considering ITC on such items would not have been claimed.

2.8Step2 ✓
2.5 Marks



Same with related to ₹5,000 as a gift to the worker, does not exceed the prescribed limit, hence no GST liability.

2.8Step1 ✓
1 Marks



Thereby

(NO) interest, Penalty, Liability in this case.

2.8Step3 ✓
C2 ✓
9 Marks
4.5 marks



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3

6850591-02

Answer 5.6

DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

5.6 Step 1 X

0 Marks

5.6 X

0 Marks

DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

P.T.O.



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4

Answer 5.2

Calculation of opening lease liability.

① Lease Payment

Beginning	Period	
6,00,000	6.537	39,22,200

② ROU Asset

39,22,200
(+) 300,000
<u>42,22,200</u>

③ Depreciation for 5 year

$\frac{42,22,200}{5}$
$= 21,11,100$

Net ROU $\Rightarrow 21,11,100$



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DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

5.7 Step 2
1 Marks

lease liability
open Asset with. Change.
@ 11.1.
39,22,200 (6,00,000) 365442
(6,00,000)
(6,00,000)
(6,00,000)
(6,00,000)
(6,00,000)
24,39,25
24,61,420
(Approx)

Journal Entry.

Depreciation 4,22,220
To P&L Asset 4,22,220



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X	Loan Liability	6,00,000
	TO Bank	6,00,000
	Interest	243,295
	TO Loan Liability	243,295
Account for Extension option Loan Liability PV @ New Rate PV, for New		
Year	1-5	6,00,000
	6-10	8,00,000
		4.0373
		2.7909
		42,55,100
Therefore,		
✓	Rev Asset	17,93,680
	TO Loan Liability	17,93,680
Being (Extended).		

5.7Step3 ✓

1 Mark

5.7Step4 X

5.7 ✓

3 Marks

DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

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3



6850591-04

Answer 5.8

As Per Notification No. ~~29/2024~~ ^{57/2023}
dated ~~7-2-2024~~, 01/08/2023.

Sec 197A,
In accordance with the provisions, R/W Section 80LA,
the Co., notified no
tax deduction in respect
of payment made by an
payer to a payee being
a IFSC unit.

As, unit located in IFSC can
avail deduction on income from
lease etc., thereby the Co.
need not to deduct TDS.
Hence, payee need to furnish
Statement cum Declaration
to payer claiming deduction
u/s 80LA.

5.8Step1

1 Marks



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As per the case law of
Japan Air Line Co. Ltd.

Landy & Parking charges
paid by an airline co,
to the Airport Authority
of India is to be deducted
U/S 194C @ 2%.

Thereby, ~~the~~ company's non deduction
of 10% U/S 194C, ~~as per~~ for
₹8cr to private airport
operator is not tenable,

Rather 12cr to Airport is
valid in law. U/S 194 @ 2%.

5.8Step3

1 Marks

CA Ankit, can defend on the
basis of lease rate ₹24 crore,
₹12 crore to Airport Authority,

but cannot defend against ₹8 cr
to private Airport operator.

5.8Step2

C5

5 Marks

2 Marks



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Result Overview

Awarded Marks:31		Max Marks:60	
 Not Attempted	 Optional		 Marked
Case Study (Score: 31/60)			
Question No	Awarded Marks	Maximum Marks	Status
C1	0	15	
1.6	0	5	
1.7	0	5	
1.8	0	5	
C2	9	15	
2.6	0.5	5	
2.7	4	4	
2.8	4.5	6	
C3	8.5	15	
3.6	4	4	
3.7	1.5	6	

3.8	3	5	M
C4	8.5	15	M
4.6	5	5	M
4.7	3.5	5	M
4.8	0	5	M
C5	5	15	M
5.6	0	6	M
5.7	3	5	M
5.8	2	4	M

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THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA

MAY 2026

ICAI

Paper Code 13K

Level of Exam Final ☒ INTT AT ☒ Paper No. 1 2

QUESTION - 1

1.1 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

1.2 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

1.3 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

1.4 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

1.5 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

QUESTION - 2

2.1 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

2.2 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

2.3 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

2.4 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

2.5 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

QUESTION - 3

3.1 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

3.2 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

3.3 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

3.4 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

3.5 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

QUESTION - 4

4.1 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

4.2 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

4.3 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

4.4 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

4.5 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

QUESTION - 5

5.1 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

5.2 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

5.3 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

5.4 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

5.5 ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

Please Read the Instruction Carefully on the Next Page

Please to answer the MCQs relevant to questions as attempted in the descriptive answer book.